321b Fetal or Neonatal Loss during Last Pregnancy

Kansas Risk Factor Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Factor Code</th>
<th>Kansas Risk Factor Title</th>
<th>High Risk</th>
<th>Auto-Assigned</th>
<th>Based on MD Diagnosis</th>
<th>Category and Priority</th>
<th>USDA Revised Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>321b</td>
<td>Fetal or Neonatal Loss during Last Pregnancy</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>04/01</td>
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</tbody>
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Kansas Risk Factor Definition
A fetal, neonatal death, or spontaneous abortion during the most recent pregnancy. Must be diagnosed by a physician as self-reported by client; or as reported or documented by a physician, or someone working under physician's orders.

- Fetal death is the spontaneous termination of a gestation at $\geq$ 20 weeks.
- Neonatal death is the death of an infant within 0-28 days of life.
- Spontaneous abortion is the spontaneous termination of a gestation at < 20 Weeks or of a fetus weighing < 500 grams.

KWIC will auto-assign if Birth Outcome on Health Interview or Record End of Pregnancy for any Infant this pregnancy is “Born Dead”.

USDA Justification

Note: USDA Justification is provided because it explains nicely why the risk is important. However, you must use the Kansas risk factor names and definitions which may differ slightly from the USDA document.