311d Early Term at Last Delivery

Kansas Risk Factor Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Factor Code</th>
<th>Kansas Risk Factor Title</th>
<th>High Risk</th>
<th>Auto-Assigned</th>
<th>Based on MD Diagnosis</th>
<th>Category and Priority</th>
<th>USDA Revised Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>311d</td>
<td>Early Term at Last Delivery</td>
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<td>X*</td>
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<td>1 6</td>
<td>05/17</td>
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</tbody>
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Kansas Risk Factor Definition
Delivery of an infant born ≥ 37 0/7 and ≤ 38 6/7 weeks gestation at the most recent delivery.

KWIC will auto-assign if weeks gestation at delivery is ≥ 37 0/7 and ≤ 38 6/7 weeks for most recent pregnancy. Note: This is based on calculation between the Estimated Due Date and Pregnancy End Date on the mother’s record to determine the weeks of gestation at birth for the most recent pregnancy. It is important to update the Estimated Due Date during pregnancy if the mother reports a change and/or verify at postpartum/breastfeeding certification. If in review of the risk factors, the auto-assigned risk factor is incorrect, be sure to remove the risk factor before saving.

*Staff must assess and manually assign if the woman was not enrolled in the Kansas WIC Program during pregnancy because there is no entry for Estimated Due Date.

This currently does not auto-assign in the unusual occurrence of using “Add New Group Member” instead of recording the infant’s birth on Record End of Pregnancy.

**USDA Justification**
**Note:** USDA Justification is provided because it explains nicely why the risk is important. However, you must use the Kansas risk factor names and definitions which may differ slightly from the USDA document.